Calcium Flux Analysis

Reagent Preparation:

- 1. Dissolve Indo-1 (Molecular Probes catalog No. I1226) in DMSO to a final concentration of 2 mg/ml (25 ul of DMSO into 50 ug of Indo-1).
- 2. Mix quantities of probenecid (Sigma Catalog No. P8761) and water to yield a 100 mM solution. Weigh 285 mg of probenecid, add 8 ml of dH₂O, then add 1 M NaOH until dissolved. The pH should be between 9 and 10. Store for 1 month at room temperature.
- 3. Dissolve Ionomycin (Calbiochem Catalog No. 407950) in 100% ethanol for a final concentration of 1 mg/ml. Store at -20°C. This is used as a control for calcium flux.
- 4. Cell Loading Media (CLM) is Hanks Balanced Salt Solution (HBSS) containing 1 mM calcium, 1 mM magnesium, 1% FBS or 0.5% BSA and can be stored up to 1 month at 4°C.

Sample Preparation:

- 1. In a 15 ml tube, suspend the cells in CLM at a concentration of 10⁷ cells per ml.
- 2. Add 40 ul of a 100 mM probenecid stock to 1 ml of cells for a final concentration of 4 mM.
- 3. Add 2 ul of a 2 mg/ml Indo-1 stock to 1 ml of cells for a final concentration of 2 ug/ml.
- 4. Incubate the cells with Indo-1 AM and probenecid for 30 minutes at 37°C.
- 5. Wash the cells twice in CLM.
- 6. Resuspend the cells in CLM at a concentration of 10⁷ cells per ml.
- 7. Rest cells for 15 minutes before acquiring any data.
- 8. 100 ul (1 x 10⁶ cells total) of the Indo-1 loaded cells can be used for additional cell surface staining.

Cell Surface Staining (if required):

- 1. Add the appropriate mAb to 1×10^6 cells (100 ul of the Indo-1 loaded cells).
- 2. Incubate for 20 minutes at room temperature.
- 3. Wash once in CLM.
- 4. Cells can be held at 4°C for several hours. At the time of analysis, cells should be warmed up to 37°C. Each tube should be warmed separately just before running.

Instrument Set up:

- 1. Verify filter configuration: 530/30 PMT A (Indo-1 blue) and 440/40 PMT B (Indo-1 violet) on the UV trigon.
- 2. In the Parameters Tab in the Instrument Frame:
 - a. Delete all parameters except: FSC, SSC, FITC, PE, Indo-1 (violet), Indo-1 (blue).
 - b. Check the Log box for FITC and PE
 - c. Under the ratio tab click add and choose Indo-1 (violet) for numerator and Indo-1 (blue) for the denominator.

d. Create the following plots on a Global Worksheet: FSC vs. SSC, FITC vs PE, Indo-1 (violet) vs Indo-1 (blue) and Time vs Ratio Indo-1 (violet)/Indo-1 (blue).

Optimizing the Instrument Settings:

- 1. Acquire the cells on LO setting.
- 2. Install the Indo only sample.
- 3. Adjust FSC and SSC voltages, and FSC threshold.
- 4. Draw a gate around the population of interest if needed and format the remaining plots to show this population.
- 5. Adjust the FITC and PE voltages to place the negative population in the lower left corner.
- 6. Adjust Indo-1 (violet: on x-axis) and Indo-1 (blue: on y-axis) to optimize signal (70° angle).
- 7. Adjust ratio scaling to set the baseline at 50,000 by selecting ratio tab and changing the % scaling until it reaches 50,000.

Recording Data to Apply compensation:

- 1. Record events for the Indo only tube.
- 2. Record events for the FITC/PE sample tube.
- 3. Draw a gate around the FITC+, FITC-, and PE+ populations on the FITC vs PE plot.
- 4. Create a Statistics View to display the FITC and PE mean values.
- 5. Adjust the compensation manually until the PE median value for the FITC+ and FITC- match
- 6. Adjust the compensation manually until the FITC median value for the PE+ and PE- match.

Recording Experimental Data:

- 1. For the calcium flux experiment set events to record to 1,000,000 and events to display 50,000.
- 2. Click the Next button on the Acquisition Controls frame to create a new Tube and Label
- 3. Install the FITC/PE sample and adjust flow rate to 200 events /second.
- 4. Click Record.
- 5. When 10,000 events have been recorded remove the tube and add the stimulus to the tube and mix thoroughly. DO NOT PUT THE INSTRUMENT IN STANDBY.
- 6. Re install the tube and stop recording when cells are no longer reacting to the stimulus.